DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6078756 A

TITLE: Photographic and data transmission system for capturing

images and magnetic data

## BSPR:

It is known in the art that a film or an electronic camera can record image

information on either a film or store the information in electronic memory.

is also known in the art that a wireless transceiver can be used to transmit

and receive data. An example of such a device is shown in the copending Ser.

No. 08/707,265 and in U.S. Pat. No. 4,957,348. Digital cameras also have the

capability of storing additional information along with the digital image. An

example of this is the Kodak DCS 460a digital camera, which is capable of

storing voice annotation along with the digital image. Moreover, the film used

by the Advanced Photo System.TM., which is sold by the Eastman Kodak Company,

allows a film camera to store digital information on a clear magnetic coating

on the photographic film. This feature is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,194,892.

## BSPR:

A problem with a wireless system is the number of unrelated wireless signals

being transmitted at a given time in a given locale, which can lead to

interference or to the recording of the wrong wireless signal. It would be

desirable to find a convenient way to combine the information handling

capability of modern cameras with image recording so that information can

easily be accessed about a photographed item without having to depend upon the transmission of wireless signals.

## DEPR:

As shown in FIG. 3, the digital camera 16 captures each image on

charge-coupled device (CCD) 62, digitizes the image in an analog-to-digital (A/D) converter 64, and processes the digital image in a signal processing section 66 for storage in the recording section, which may include an image memory 68, such as internal Flash EEPROM or a removable memory accordance with the invention, the magnetic reading head 20 is contained in an attachment 70 which clips onto a frame 72 that is fastened to the digital camera 16. Data obtained from the magnetic strip 10 is stored in a short-term buffer 74 and transmitted by cable connection 76 between corresponding RS-232 port connectors 78, 80 on the attachment 70 and the camera 16. The data recovered from the magnetic strip 10 is stored in a data memory 82. accordance with the invention, the logic control unit 32 drives the signal processing section 66 to store the information related to the product in the image memory 68 along with the digital image. An "extra data" bit may also stored to permit a downstream processor to determine that additional product

## DEPR:

data is included with the image.

In the case of the Advanced Photo System.TM. camera 12, as shown in FIG. 5, the transmitted data is stored on the magnetic portion 48 of the photographic film 50. Once the film is processed in a film processor 100, the developed film is scanned by a film scanner 102. When the film scanner 102 senses the presence of the data stored on the magnetic portion 48 of the film, this data is read by the scanner 102 and downloaded to the host computer 84. Thereafter, the process is similar to that outlined in connection with FIG. 4, i.e., the telecommunication connection 86 is made, and the data at the URL site on the network server 88 is downloaded to the host computer 84. In this case,

however, the data may be sent back to the processing station to be printed along with the photographs. In a preferred embodiment, the film scanner 102 also allows for digitization of the images captured on film. This will give the customer the extra benefit of getting the information and images in either hardcopy print format or have it stored on one of many formats of removable media such as CD-R.

CCXR: **396/319**